Advanced Operating Technique Using the VR Database System

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For the timely and competitive response to rapidly changing energy environment in the twenty-first century, there is a growing need to build the advanced nuclear power plants in the unlimited workspace of virtual reality (VR) prior to commissioning. One can then realistically evaluate their construction time and cost per varying methods and options available from the leading-edge technology. In particular, a great deal of efforts have yet to be made for time- and cost-dependent plant simulation and dynamically coupled database construction in the VR space. The present work is being proposed in the three-dimensional space and time plus cost coordinates, i.e. four plus dimensional (4+D) coordinates. The 4+D VR technology™ will help the preliminary VR simulation capability for the plants will supply the vital information not only for the actual design and construction of the engineered structures but also for the on-line design modification. Quite a few companies and research institutions have supplied various information services to the nuclear market. A great deal of the information exists in the form of reports, articles, books, which are just kind of simple texts and graphic images. But if very large and important information transfer methods are developed for the nuclear plants by means of the 4+D technology database, they will tend to greatly benefit the designers, manufacturers, users and even the public. Moreover, one can understand clearly the total structure of the nuclear plants if the 4+D VR technology™ database operates together with the transient analysis simulator. This technique should be available for public information about the nuclear industry as well as nuclear plant structure and components. By using the 4+D VR technology™ one can supply the information to users which couldn’t have been expressed by the existing technology. Users can not only spin or observe closely the structural elements by simple mouse control, but also know how the main functions work in general. Thus the 4+D VR technology™ cannot be compared with the technology that simply enlarges the components. Besides it has a great effect of the information dissemination and the advertisement. Integrated maintenance of the nuclear plants with 4+D VR technology™ is the manual which can totally replace the existing data. That is to say, it can actualize the minute details of the components and supply the perfect information about the product by combined flash, 2D photograph and text. Especially, if one applies the 4+D VR technology™ to the complex assembly parts or machines, one can experience the effect clearly. Also if one performs the integrated maintenance of the nuclear plants with the 4+D VR technology™, one can reduce the work hours to the minimum, and maximize the effect of each component.

KEYWORDS: 4+D VR Technology™, Database

1. Introduction

The industrial revolution in the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries is often called the “Energy Revolution.” The civilization has since rapidly advanced the science and technology for relatively a short period of time in the human history. In particular, the twentieth century has witnessed outstanding growth of the energy technology. It is also the energy that deems the destiny of a nation, enriches the human life and supports the economic growth. In Korea about 97% of energy has been dependant on the import and this energy import may further be increased by the expanding economy and growing industry. The trend appears to persist into the twenty-first century as shown in Table 1.

Table 1 Foreign dependency of energy in Korea

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Gross energy consumption (million TOE)</th>
<th>Import energy (million TOE)</th>
<th>Foreign dependency rate (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1996</td>
<td>165.2</td>
<td>160.8</td>
<td>97.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1997</td>
<td>180.6</td>
<td>176.3</td>
<td>97.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1998</td>
<td>165.9</td>
<td>161.2</td>
<td>97.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1999</td>
<td>181.4</td>
<td>176.3</td>
<td>97.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>192.4</td>
<td>187.2</td>
<td>97.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For this reason Korea is planning to add twelve nuclear power plants to the grid so that the total nuclear generation capacities reach 26,050MW tantamount to 33% of the nation-wide electricity generation by the year 2015 as part of the fifth long-term electric power supply and demand program (2000–2013) for the nuclear plants. It is believed that the nuclear power can significantly contribute to improving the nation’s budget balance by providing with the

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stability in energy supply and by reducing emission of the greenhouse gases like CO₂. There is seen a great need to cope with the technological challenges imposed by increasing demand for nuclear plants as well as to secure the technological advantage over the alternatives at home and abroad. The current work centers about plant simulation utilizing the virtual reality (VR) technique including database construction based on the simulation in the VR space, because of the economic efficiency in the scientific study and the nuclear plant construction. The outcome of the present work will also supply the indispensable information required to educate and train the nuclear plant personnel.

Thus far, however, the VR research activities in the nuclear sector have been nothing but meager compared to other areas like the automobile, architecture, shipbuilding and aerospace industries. This is most likely because the nuclear technology is relatively more difficult to readily approach and to fully grasp than the other disciplines. In this regard the current paper will focus on the far-reaching effect and economical edge of the four plus dimensional (4+D) technology materialized in the space and time coordinates simultaneously accounting for the cost of various options in building the nuclear plants [1]. The present effort is concurrent with the world-wide trend in the VR technology and should certainly boost the Korean nuclear industry onto the leading edge on the globe.

II. Characteristics of 4+D VR Technology™

The VR and 4+D techniques are no longer monopolized by the science fiction movies or digital games. The technology has already penetrated into our daily lives and is actually being utilized in a wide range of fields. The high-technology industries have come about thanks to the 4+D technique rapidly growing proportional to the progress of the amazing hardware and the powerful software. Application of this technique will certainly add competitiveness to a specialized industry like the huge nuclear power production market. Development of the simulation technique is in progress for the existing power plants in Korea with the VR technology. If countries like China, a country with great interests in the nuclear power development, and other nuclear power developing and developed countries interested in plant life improvement and extension chooses to apply this new technique, they are expected to get great benefit by reducing construction or maintenance time and cost.

The differences between the conventional two-dimensional (2D) and 4+D technology (including the three-dimensional modeling) from the design and construction points of view can be summarized as follows. First, the 4+D VR technology™ has a intercommunication between a supplier and a user. In this regard the 4+D VR technology™ distances itself from the existing 2D technology which is only at the dispense of the supplier. Thus the 4+D VR technology™ allows to cross-communicate between the supplier and the user. Second, much too expensive hardware and ancillaries were required to realize 4+D until now. The software was not satisfactory, either. But, these days, the 4+D VR technology™ is available owing to the software development, the rapid progress of hardware and the data compressing method. This means that the actualization of VR is no longer limited to the advanced industry. Third, the capability of the 4+D VR technology™ related to the information transfer far exceeds that of the existing 2D technology. The technology can suit the purpose and intention of the user regarding the information transfer by using the remarkable modeling and a number of special effects in addition to an image and simple graphic picture. Fourth, the 4+D VR technology™ overcame the limitation of repetition of the existing 2D technology. It means easier rearrangement of each component and space organization for the nuclear plants. Fifth, use of the embedded database facilitates jumping over the simple text and picture scan form. The visual databases are available by supplying the definitive design data to the virtual reality space based on the 4+D VR technology™. Also, handy search and various options are available whenever they are needed.

III. Advanced operating technique.

1. Structural Analysis with the 4+D VR Technology™

First of all, using the CAD system such as Pro-E, CATIA, Solidwork, etc, each component is digitally mocked up. These models are then converted to a proper file format compatible with the computational fluid dynamics code CFX to compute the flow regime in the structure as shown in Fig. 1. The result of CFX analysis is the proof of efficiency of each component and the boundary conditions of structural analysis. Finally, using the boundary conditions from CFX analysis and model from CAD system, the quantitative assessments are made for the degree on each component caused by the vibration, pressure and mass using ANSYS code.

Fig. 1 Direct Import CAD system model to Analysis tool

2. Development of Nuclear Plant Simulator

Generally, the plant simulator which is mentioned above signifies the 3D structures made with a design drawing in the VR space, not the software for the operator training and education. As we construct the nuclear plants with VR, the space arrangement by various methods can be made and the epochal analysis to promote the efficiency for the space and time can be given about the physical nuclear plants as illustrated in Fig. 2.
Let us take a look at the effect of simulator development for the nuclear plants. First, easy component modifications are made possible for the nuclear plants. One can see how the new components can be changed as a result of user’s simple mouse control for each component modification. Second, the component rearrangement and the space organization are facilitated. One can arrange various components in a limited space using the 4+D VR technology that cannot be tested off-line. Third, there is the linked database. As the database is operated dynamically, the specification and data of each component can be looked up and one can use various options regardless of the time and place. Pursuant to the above points, one can use the 4+D database and previous construction experience by modulating each nuclear plant in order to economize the progress and to improve quality during construction as shown in Fig. 3.

Fig. 3 Component modulation

3. Management of Nuclear Plants in Virtual Reality

Quite a few companies and research institutions involved with the nuclear plants are integrating, modifying and computerizing the design and construction data. Also, they have supplied various information services to the nuclear market. A great deal of the information exists in the form of reports, articles, books, which are just kind of simple texts and graphic images. But if very large and important information transfer methods are developed for the nuclear plants by means of the 4+D VR technology database, they will tend to greatly benefit the designers, manufacturers, users and even the public. Moreover, one can understand clearly the total structure of the nuclear plants if the 4+D VR technology database operates together with the transient analysis simulator. Using these techniques, operators and engineers can learn about the total structure of the nuclear plants which had not been understood so far. Especially in case of the potential risk in reality, the trainees can safely practice in the VR space. The 4+D VR technology should be available for public information about the nuclear industry as well as nuclear plant structure and components. Application may be found in the following areas in Fig. 4.

Fig. 4 Application of 4+D database

The characteristics of the 4+D VR technology are that the work is based on the real design and is conducted with the real delicate 3D modeling according to the size ratio. The 4+D design cooperates with the engineering database very reasonably. Because one can move one’s avatar and cooperate with other people at the same time in the virtual space which cooperates with the engineering database, it is possible for users to experience emergency situations. So far they had to build expensive training facilities. The facilities can now be replaced by VR which cooperates with the 4+D VR technology database. In addition, one can cut down the cost because of the permanent life cycle of the 4+D VR technology, as shown in Fig. 5.

Fig. 5 Modeling and database of 4+D VR technology

4. Integrated Maintenance with 4+D VR Technology

By using the 4+D VR technology one can supply the information to users which couldn’t have been expressed by
the existing technology. Users can not only spin or observe closely the structural elements by simple mouse control, but also know how the main functions work in general. Thus the 4+D VR technology™ cannot be compared with the technology that simply enlarges the components. Besides it has a great effect of the information dissemination and the advertisement. Integrated maintenance of the nuclear plants with 4+D VR technology™ is the manual which can totally replace the existing data. That is to say, it can actualize the minute details of the components and supply the perfect information about the product by combined flash, 2D photograph and text. Especially, if one applies the 4+D VR technology™ to the complex assembly parts or machines, one can experience the effect clearly. Also if one performs the integrated maintenance of the nuclear plants with the 4+D VR technology™, one can reduce the work hours to the minimum, and maximize the effect of each component.

IV. Conclusion

This paper has introduced the so-called 4+D VR technology™ and its impact on tomorrow’s nuclear industry. One can apply the 4+D VR technology™ not only to the APR1400 but also to any kind of nuclear plants in the world. By using this 4+D VR technology™, one can pick the optimum construction plan and the optimal structural design for the nuclear plants. Thus one can expect cost reduction of $200–300 million by shortening one month of construction time for the twin units. Also, one can improve the efficiency of business management by dynamically storing voluminous information on the nuclear plants in the 4+D databases. One can also anticipate most efficacious control, security, assurance and transmittal of information on the VR space. The technology will eventually lead to paperless design and construction in the fiercely competitive market of global power generation in the capital societies. As shown in Fig. 6, the expected benefits of the proposed technology may be summarized as follows:
- Simulation of nuclear plants using the 4+D VR technology™
- Optimum design of nuclear plants by the 4+D structural analysis
- The 4+D database construction for nuclear plants in VR
- Integrated maintenance of nuclear plants using the 4+D VR technology™

![Fig. 6 Effect of the 4+D VR technology™](image)

There is thus an urgent need to develop the native technology for VR design and construction for the APR1400 planned to be commissioned by the year 2010. Successful completion of the top-notch 4+D project will most certainly put the nuclear industry back on the leading edge.

References
2) [http://www.philosophia.co.kr](http://www.philosophia.co.kr)